

OHIO

Lawyers' Fund for Client Protection
of the
Supreme Court of Ohio

(Supreme Court of Ohio Rules for the
Government of the Bar
Rule VIII – Lawyers' Fund for Client
Protection,
Section 1., et seq.)

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Supreme Court of Ohio Rules for the Government of the Bar

Rule VIII - Lawyers' Fund for Client Protection

Section 1. Establishment of Fund.

(A) There shall be a Lawyers' Fund for Client Protection of the Supreme Court of Ohio consisting of amounts transferred to the fund pursuant to this rule and any other funds received in pursuance of the fund's objectives. The purpose of the fund is to aid in ameliorating the losses caused to clients and others by defalcating members of the bar acting as attorney or fiduciary, and this rule shall be liberally construed to effectuate that purpose. No claimant or other person shall have any legal interest in the fund or right to receive any portion of the fund, except for discretionary disbursements directed by the Board of Commissioners of the Lawyers' Fund for Client Protection of the Supreme Court of Ohio, all payments from the fund being a matter of grace and not right.

(B) The Supreme Court shall provide appropriate and necessary funding for the support of the Lawyers' Fund for Client Protection from the Attorney Registration Fund. The Clerk of the Supreme Court of Ohio shall transfer funds to the Lawyers' Fund for Client Protection at the direction of the Court.

Section 2. Board of Commissioners of the Lawyers' Fund for Client Protection of the Supreme Court of Ohio; Administrator; Chair.

(A) Creation; Members. There is hereby created a Board of Commissioners of the Lawyers' Fund for Client Protection of the Supreme Court of Ohio consisting of seven members appointed by the Supreme Court, at least one of whom shall be a person not admitted to the practice of law in Ohio or any other state. The Court shall designate one member as chair and one member as vice-chair, who shall hold such office for the length of their term. All terms shall be for a period of three years commencing on the first day of January. No member shall serve more than two consecutive three-year terms. The Board shall have its principal office in Columbus.

(B) Administrator. There shall be an Administrator of the Board of Commissioners of the Lawyers' Fund for Client Protection. The Court shall appoint and fix the salary of the Administrator. If the Administrator is an attorney admitted to practice in Ohio, the Administrator shall not engage in the private practice of law while serving in that capacity. The Administrator shall be the secretary to the Board. The Administrator shall appoint, with the approval of the Court, staff as required to satisfactorily perform the duties imposed by this rule. The Court shall fix the compensation of personnel employed by the Administrator.

(C) Powers of the Board. The Board shall do all of the following:

- (1) Investigate applications by claimants for disbursement from the fund;
- (2) Conduct hearings relative to claims;
- (3) Authorize and establish the amount of disbursements from the fund in accordance with this rule;

(4) Adopt rules of procedure and prescribe forms not inconsistent with this rule.

(D) Powers of the chair.

(1) The chair of the Board shall be the trustee of the fund and shall hold, manage, disburse, and invest the fund, or any portion of the fund, in a manner consistent with the effective administration of this rule. All investments shall be made by the chair upon the approval of a majority of the Board. Investments shall be limited to short-term insured obligations of the United States government, deposits at interest in federally insured banks or federally insured savings and loan institutions located in the state of Ohio, and in no-front-end-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of direct obligations of the United States Treasury, and repurchase agreements relating to direct Treasury obligations, with the interest or other income on investments becoming part of the fund. Annually and at additional times as the Supreme Court may order, the chair shall file with the Supreme Court a written report reviewing in detail the administration of the fund during the year. The fund shall be audited biennially by the Auditor of State at the same time as the Supreme Court's regular biennial audit. The Supreme Court may order an additional audit at any time, certified by a certified public accountant licensed to practice in Ohio. Audit reports shall be filed with the Board, which shall send a copy to the Supreme Court. The report shall be open to public inspection at the offices of the Board.

(2) The chair and vice-chair of the Board shall file a bond annually with the Supreme Court in an amount fixed by the Supreme Court.

(3) The chair of the Board shall have the power and duty to render decisions on procedural matters presented by the Board and call additional meetings of the Board when necessary.

(4) The vice-chair of the Board shall exercise the duties of the chair during any absence or incapacity of the chair.

(E) Meetings. The Board shall meet at least two times a year, in Columbus and at other times and locations as the chair designates.

(F) Expenses. Expenses for the operation of the Board as authorized by this rule shall be paid from the fund, including bond premiums, the cost of audits, personnel, office space, supplies, equipment, travel, and other expenses of Board members.

Section 3. Eligible Claims.

For purposes of this rule, an eligible claim shall be one for the reimbursement of losses of money, property, or other things of value that meet all of the following requirements:

(A) The loss was caused by the dishonest conduct of an attorney admitted to the practice of law in Ohio when acting in any of the following capacities:

(1) As an attorney;

(2) In a fiduciary capacity customary to the practice of law;

(3) As an escrow agent or other fiduciary, having been designated as an escrow agent of fiduciary by a client in the matter or a court of this state in which the loss arose or having been selected as a result of a client-attorney relationship.

(B) The conduct was engaged in while the attorney was admitted to the practice of law in Ohio and acting in his capacity as an attorney admitted to the practice of law in Ohio, or in any capacity described in division (A) of this section.

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(C) On or after the effective date of this rule, the attorney been disbarred, suspended, or publicly reprimanded, has resigned, or has been convicted of embezzlement or misappropriation of money or other property and the claim is presented within one year of the occurrence or discovery of the applicable event. The taking of any affirmative action by the claimant against the attorney within the one-year period shall toll the time for filing a claim under this rule until the termination of that proceeding. In the event disciplinary or criminal proceedings, or both, can not be prosecuted because the attorney can not be located or is deceased, the Board may consider a timely application if the claimant has complied with the other conditions of this rule.

(D) The claim is not covered by any insurance or by any fidelity or similar bond or fund, whether of the attorney, claimant, or otherwise.

(E) The claim is made directly by or on behalf of the injured client or his personal representative or, if a corporation, by or on behalf of itself or its successors in interest.

(F) The loss was not incurred by any of the following:

(1) The spouse, children, parents, grandparents or siblings, partner, associate, employee, or employer of the attorney, or a business entity controlled by the attorney. The Board may, in its discretion, recognize such a claim in cases of extreme hardship or special or unusual circumstances.

(2) An insurer, surety or bonding agency or company, or any entity controlled by any of the foregoing;

(3) Any governmental unit.

(G) A payment from the fund, by way of subrogation or otherwise, will not benefit any entity specified in division (F) of this section.

Section 4. Dishonest Conduct.

For purposes of this rule, dishonest conduct consists of wrongful acts or omissions by an attorney in the nature of defalcation or embezzlement of money, or the wrongful taking or conversion of money, property, or other things of value.

Section 5. Maximum Recovery.

The Board shall determine the maximum amount of reimbursement to be awarded to a claimant. No award shall exceed seventy-five thousand dollars.

Section 6. Conditions of Payment; Attorney Fees.

(A) As a condition to payment, the claimant shall execute any interest, take any action, or enter into any agreements as the Board requires, including assignments, subrogation agreements, trust agreements, and promises to cooperate with the Board in prosecuting claims or charges against any person. Any amounts recovered by the Board through an action shall be deposited with the fund.

(B) No attorney fees may be paid from the proceeds of an award made to a claimant under authority of this rule. The Board may allow an award of attorney fees to be paid out of the fund if it determines that the attorney's services were necessary to prosecute a claim under this rule and upon other conditions as the Board may direct.

Section 7. Claims Procedure.

(A) Forms. The Board shall provide forms for the presentation of claims to Disciplinary Counsel, all bar associations, and to any other person upon request. The Board shall create a complaint form for the use of claimants that shall include, but not be limited to the name and address of the claimant, the name and last known address of the attorney against whom the claim is made, the date of the alleged wrongful act, a clear and simple statement describing the wrongful act, the amount of the claimed loss, and a statement as to whether other affirmative action has been taken as described in Section 3(C) of this rule. A claim shall be considered as filed on the date the Board receives written notification of the claim, even in the absence of the prescribed form. However, completion of the formal application may subsequently be required by the Board.

(B) Notice. Upon receipt of a claim against an attorney, the secretary of the Board shall notify the attorney by certified mail, when possible, of the fact of its filing. All parties shall be notified of any action taken by the Board with respect to a claim.

(C) Investigation; Cooperation With Disciplinary Counsel and Local Bar Associations.

(1) The Board shall investigate or cause to be investigated all claims received under this rule.

(2) At the request of the Board, Disciplinary Counsel and local bar associations authorized to investigate attorney discipline complaints under Gov.Bar R. V shall make available to the Board all reports of investigations and records of formal proceedings in their possession with respect to any attorney whose conduct is alleged to amount to dishonest conduct under this rule. Where the information sought is the subject of a pending investigation or disciplinary proceeding required by Gov.Bar R. V to be confidential, disclosure shall not be required until the termination of the investigation or disciplinary proceeding, or both.

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(3) Where the Board receives a claim that is ineligible because disciplinary proceedings have not been undertaken, the Board shall hold the claim in abeyance, forward a copy of the claim to Disciplinary Counsel for further action, and advise the claimant that these procedures have been undertaken and that disciplinary action is a prerequisite to eligibility under this rule. If filed within the time limits prescribed in Section 3(C) of the rule, the claim shall be considered timely regardless of the time it is held in abeyance pending the outcome of disciplinary proceedings. Disciplinary Counsel shall advise the Board as to the disposition of the complaint.

(D) Hearings; Subpoenas.

The Board may conduct hearings for the purpose of resolving factual issues. Upon determining that any person is a material witness to the determination of a claim made against the fund, the Board, chair, or vice-chair shall have authority to issue a subpoena requiring the person to appear and testify or produce records before the Board. All subpoenas shall be issued in the name and under the Seal of the Supreme Court, signed by the chair, vice-chair, or Administrator, and served as provided by law.

(E) Confidentiality.

All claims filed under this rule and all records obtained by the Board pursuant to this rule shall be confidential. If an award is made under this rule, the award, the name of the claimant, the name of the attorney, and the nature of the claim may be disclosed.

(F) Consideration of Claims.

The Board, in its sole discretion, but on the affirmative vote of at least four members, shall determine the eligible claims that merit reimbursement from the fund and the amount, time, manner, conditions, and order of payments of reimbursement. No award may include interest from the date of the award. In making each determination, the Board shall consider, among other factors set forth in this rule, all of the following:

- (1) The amounts available and likely to become available to the fund for the payment of claims and the size and number of claims that are likely to be presented;
- (2) The amount of the claimant's loss as compared with the amount of losses sustained by other eligible claimants;
- (3) The degree of hardship suffered by the claimant as a result of the loss;
- (4) The degree of negligence, if any, of the claimant that may have contributed to the loss.
- (5) Any special or unusual circumstances.

To preserve the fund, the board may adopt rules implementing a sliding scale whereby eligible claims are compensable at fixed percentages of the total loss but not to exceed the maximum award allowed by this rule.

The determination of the Board shall be final.

[Not analogous to former Rule VIII, effective January 1, 1976; amended effective June 15, 1981; November 17, 1982; July 1, 1983; May 13, 1985; July 29, 1987; October 1, 1989; January 1, 1990; January 1, 1993; December 1, 1996; October 20, 1997; April 13, 1998; August 1, 2003; January 1, 2015.]